

BOSTON MORNING POST.

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VOLUME XIII. NO. 163.

MONDAY

STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE EDITOR.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE

DR. SEGUR'S RESTORATIVE STOMACH PILLS.

In administering to his own relief medicine he had prepared for some dyspeptic patients of too delicate habits to admit of ordinary treatment, Dr. Segur noticed certain peculiar effects on the system which led to the knowledge of the virtues of the medicine presented under the above name. He does not put forth these pills as one of the cure-alls of the age. The distinguishing characteristic claimed for them, and that which has more particularly attracted attention, is that they have exhibited in the cure of obstinate dyspeptic cases connected with a nervous and digestive system, a decided power and efficacy.

In these cases the Pills have exhibited the two following requisites combined, viz: direct and powerful effect in removing the disease, with so gentle and delicate effects on the system otherwise, that the cure is performed without that disturbance of the system attendant on ordinary treatment, which often, unawares, sinks the patient below the possibility of recovery.

Subsequent use, however, has shown these pills to possess some decided powers and advantages in the following cases, which no doubt have a kindred origin or a sympathetic connexion with the class of cases in which the virtues of this medicine were first observed.

1st. Nervous affections and weaknesses, more peculiar to females, than accompanied with a train of distresses and symptoms as indescribable as various.

2d. Bowel complaints in children, whether habitual or occasioned by the season, fruits, colds, &c.

3d. Persons recovering from acute diseases, as fevers, or severe bodily injuries, left with local debilities, coldness, and numbness of the limbs, dullness of circulation, general depression of the mind, and energy of the system, &c.

4th. Another striking effect has been exhibited in the use of this medicine, which Dr. Segur would have mentioned more by way of illustrating the use of the medicine, than as a general recommendation. An elderly gentleman, long afflicted with dyspepsia, was cured by the use of these Pills—and at the same time recovered the activity of his limbs and general functions so essentially, that he repeatedly came to Dr. Segur, and had been restored to years of comparative comfort and usefulness, which age had admonished him had passed by forever.

5th. In cases of occasional derangement of health consequent on colds, exhaustion, overloading the stomach, too long continued bodily or mental effort, sedentary or confined pursuits and the like, where nature needs but assistance to overcome present oppressions, and prevent more serious consequences, these Pills have a decided advantage over ordinary medicines; for while they remove present difficulties, they create and leave a more healthy tone and tendency in the system, as well as for others. There are several suits of rooms for the accommodation of small families as permanent boarders. Application for permanent board will be received at the Hotel every day.

N. R. ROGERS, Hotel.

6m je22

WORCESTER HOUSE.

The subscriber has taken the Worcester House, situated on Main street, directly opposite to the Depot of the Boston and Worcester Railroad.

The establishment contains a great number of public and private parlors, and a reading room—furnished throughout in elegant style, and provided with every accommodation for travellers, families and parties.

Meals will be furnished for passengers arriving or departing by the cars or stages.

All stages which leave Worcester, call at the House for passengers.

The prices have been greatly reduced, and are now put at the most moderate rate.

N. B.—Stabling and keeping for horses will be furnished.

LYSANDER C. CLARK, Worcester, June 7, 1837. *je9*

Worcester, June 7, 1837.

FARM FOR SALE.

In Billerica on the road from the meeting house to Lexington, containing one hundred and seven acres, (well fenced with stone walls,) upon which are from three to five hundred fruit trees of various descriptions, and is divided into tillage, mowing, pasture and garden lands. There is a good Dwelling House, Barn, Stable, Mill and House, Sheds, &c.

Distance from Boston 16 miles—from Lowell 7 miles. Terms easy. Apply to LEVI BROWN, 5 Fulton street, SUMNER CROSBY, 5 Exchange street, or to the subscriber on the same premises.

WILLIAM MANN.

41

WARE HOUSE TO LET.

No 19 and 20 Granite Stores, Commercial wharf, recently occupied by the subscribers. Apply to JOHN BROWN & CO No 11 Lewis wharf. *ff* *mh7*

No 5 Exchange street.

TO LET.

A three story brick dwelling house containing 9 rooms, No 57 Temple street. Apply to SUMNER CROSBY, No 5 Exchange street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A convenient dwelling for two small families in Village place, containing nine rooms. For terms apply to SUMNER CROSBY, 5 Exchange street. *ff* *aug29*

HOUSE FOR SALE IN CHARLESTOWN.

A good dwelling house, No 22 Bow st, with excellent accommodations, being three stories high, and containing about 12 rooms—would be sold at a sac price, with immediate possession, if applied for very soon. *ff* *mh23*

TO LET.

The chambers over store No 12 Water street, suitable for the dry Goods business. Apply at the Store.

aug19

TO LET.

A Shop in Joy's Building. Apply to S. SIBLEY, No 79 Washington street. *ff* *s28*

TO LET.

At South Boston, a very good and convenient dwelling house, the whole or a part would be rented to a good tenant. Inquire of ISAAC ADAMS, at L & S. Adams' Machine shop, S. Boston. *ff* *n22*

TO BE LET.

The store and cellar under the Borean Hall at East Cambridge. The store is 28 feet by 70, and is well situated for business with a good cellar under the whole store.

Brick floor and a good well of water in the same. The cellar is well calculated for putting up Pork, &c. For further particulars inquire of LUTHER BROOKS or JOHN L. HOEBS, East Cambridge, Dec. 4, 1837. *ff* *46*

TO LET.

Two small tenements in Sea street, nearly new, and suitable for small families—rent low.

Also—a building with an engine, at the end of the bridge in said street.

SUSANNA HARRINGTON, Providence, April 16, 1837.

RECOMMENDATION.

Dr G. C. Segur—Dear Sir: In answer to your letter of the 9th September, I can state, that some months since, I made a trial of your Stomach Pills, in the dyspeptic cases of long standing, where the system had acquired a delicacy which seemed to forbid the further use of ordinary prescriptions.—The success and happy restoration in these cases induced me to extend their use in my practice, to almost all variety of cases arising directly or indirectly from any derangement of the function of the Stomach, or other organs connected with the digestive or secretory process, which now, you know, embraces a large portion of the common diseases of the day. So that I now administer in my practice, I presume, more of your Pills, than of all others put together; by which you may learn my estimation of the Pills. Though not much inclined to give certificates of this kind, I have considered it more than justice in this case to state what has come within my own practice and observation, especially as one of my pupils, you confide your researches to my consideration. I have the more ready done so, as I consider the use of the Pills not only safe, but particularly free from any harsh or unpleasant effects on the constitution. As to your general character I can with great pleasure comply, as you will see by a certificate in Postscript. Your friend,

W. M. A. BREWSTER, M. D.

P. S. I hereby certify that G. C. Segur, M. D. is a man of unblushing moral character, is a regularly educated and licensed Physician, and is now in successful practice in Providence.

HOUSE FOR SALE IN EAST CAMBRIDGE.

A good dwelling house on Cambridge street, near the Newmarket. For further particulars apply to

DANIEL DAVIES, at No 52 Poplar street Boston, or to

AMASA DAVIES, in East Cambridge. *ff* *law19*

TO LET.

A three story brick house, at the south part of the city containing 12 rooms, in first rate repair, good cellar, yard, pump and aqueduct water, and every other convenience for a genteel family. U. J. CLARK, 4 Brattle Square.

dd

TO LET.

A large House on Myrtle street—rent about \$400. U. J. CLARK, 4 Brattle Square. *dd*

TO RENT.

A small tenement in Sweetser's Court. Apply to JOHN L. SPEAR, 7 Exchange st.

n22 *ff*

TO LET.

A house in La Grange place. JOHN L. SPEAR, 7 Exchange street. *ff* *n23*

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one who had always been a lion in the path of his party. But they no longer think it necessary to disguise their real sentiments.Flushed by partial success, and rioting in the "swelled insolence" of temporary victory, they boldly speak out what they think and feel. A glaring illustration of this is presented by the fact upon which we have just commented. Let the Democracy of the country arise in its strength. An open war is to be waged on all its cherished opinions and dearest interests. Let it be true to the name and doctrines of THOMAS JEFFERSON, and the country is safe!"

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.

FOR MAYOR,
AMASA WALKER.

FOR ALDERMEN,

BENJAH BRIGHAM, ISAAC HARRIS,
JEREMIAH BRIGGS, JOHN BINNEY,
LARRA CRANE, EBENEZER STEVENS,
JAMES DENNISON, HENRY B. SMITH.

The democratic nominations for Municipal Officers are such as every honest man can recommend with pride and pleasure to the support of his fellow citizens. The lavish expenditures of the City Government have raised the taxes of the inhabitants of Boston to a burdensome and enormous amount—many of the rich, whose leisure enables them to have residences in the neighboring towns while they transact business here, have availed themselves of this advantage over the less opulent, and become inhabitants of the villages in our vicinity, to free themselves from the high taxation they were subject to under the City Government.

But what is a greater cause of complaint than the amount of taxation, is the fact, that while our assessments have been continually increasing, nothing has been added to the comfort of the assessed. The present Mayor came into office pledged to use his utmost exertions to procure the introduction of Pure Water into the city—what have he accomplished toward it? Nothing at all; instead of attending to the great interest of the citizens generally, he has stooped to become the tool, not of a party but of a little cabal of politicians who rule Boston through the aid of party machinery, and his head nods this way and that, just as the cabal will the wires which govern his actions. Go to the polls then, citizens of Boston, and vote for men who are disposed to fulfil your will—protect your interests, and administer the City Government for your benefit.

LET NOT A VOTE BE LOST.—If the people will not rise up in defence of their rights on the present occasion, they deserve the insults that have been heaped upon them by their servants.

GEO. W. DIXON.

The above notice is given by Mr. Dixon in consequence of a handbill having been posted about the city yesterday, recommending him for the office of Mayor. He says that he is an Eliot man, and come what will—come what may—he will stick to him to the last gasp. We admire Mr. D's fidelity, but disapprove of his taste. His preference can only be reconciled upon the principle of sympathy which is known to exist between great minds of similar attributes—Mr. Eliot's admiration of music is only equalled by the love the American Melodist bears the Art Divine.

Mr. Ritner, in his message to the Pennsylvania Legislature, says there has been a decrease of the circulation of the Banks of that State of \$4,899,003.84 or near one fourth since the suspension, of discounts to the amount of \$16,464,558.43 or about one fifth—and of deposits to the amount of \$557,728.94, or about one twentieth—and the specie has increased more than one half, or \$2,515.48.

Ohio Legislature.—G. J. Smith has been chosen Speaker of the Senate, and J. R. Osborn, Clerk, by a vote of 20 to 15. The votes for Speaker of the House were for C. Anthony, 39—E. W. Hubbard, 31, and I. Blauk. The successful candidates are federalists.

Dr. J. R. Burden, whig, has been elected Speaker of the Pennsylvania Senate by a vote of 18 to 11. Lewis Dewart, V. B. Speaker of the House, by a vote of 53 to 42.

Twenty Sixth Congress.—Stephen A. Douglas, of Sangamon, has been nominated for the next Congress, by a Democratic Convention held at Peoria, Illinois, on the 20th ult. The election takes place next July.

Nathaniel Patten, editor of the St. Charles Clarion, in Missouri, died on the 14th ult. He was a native of Boston, and the projector of the Missouri Intelligencer, (in 1819) the first paper printed north of the Missouri, and the second in the State.

In Maine it is necessary that an individual should raise twenty bushels of wheat to secure the bonus of \$2. The Portland Jeffersonian thinks "it a little provoking to cause just 19 1/2 bushels," and knows of such an instance. By the bye, the New England Farmer recommends the offering of a bounty on the culture of wheat in Massachusetts.

The American Monthly Magazine for December concludes the fourth volume of the new series—the January number will appear in an enlarged form. The editor says his barque still floats on the top of the wave—this may be true now, but the rapid increase of political bilge-water in his hold will soon sink it if he doesn't set his pumps going.

Roguery.—An individual said to have been formerly a printer in the employment of the New England Bank Note Company, was detected on Saturday as the writer of a counterfeit twenty dollar note on the Kilby Bank.

Suicide.—A young man named Heman Crosswell committed suicide in Needham, on Sunday last, by hanging himself on a tree. He was an apprentice to Mr. Nathaniel Noyes, carpenter, and was about 19 years of age. No cause for the commission of the rash act can be ascertained.

The newest publication of the kind that we have seen this season, is "The Lady's Annual Register and Household Memorandum Book for 1838," by Caroline Gilman—Boston, T. H. Carter. We shall not attempt to describe it, but only ask every lady, the first time she goes into a bookstore, to look at Miss Gilman's Almanac.

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LATER FROM EUROPE.

The ship Chatham, Capt. Gorham, arrived at this port yesterday, and brought papers up to the 4th of November. There is no news of consequence—nothing important from the continent.

The liberals have carried the day in their municipal election in Liverpool by a large majority. Mr O'Connell, in giving his reasons for the dissolution of the General Association of Ireland, said it would be great folly to keep one-third of the empire in a state of disaffection and disorganization, while the Court was for Ireland, and the Queen favorable to her interests.

LORD MELBOURNE, we perceive, has at length quitted the courtly scenes of Brighton in order to provide over his first cabinet dinner for the season in London. The noble Lord's constant attendance upon the QUEEN, or, as some say upon the Duchess of KEST, at Windsor, at Buckingham House, and at Brighton, ever since the accession of let MAJESTY to the throne, has given rise to various and rather curious speculations. This is not to be wondered at, for it is quite new in the annals of royal etiquette, at least in this country, for the prime minister to be a sort of waiting-maid or lady of honor to the QUEEN—to be stationed in the palace like a fixture, or moving with the court like a side lamp over her MAJESTY's carriage. This, we say, is a novelty, as well as an intrusion, alike impudent and in bad taste, and must be countenanced by some personage of powerful interest.—*Liverpool Mail.*

Knowles's new play, *The Love Chase*, is immensely popular at Liverpool. The author was called out upon the sixth night of its performance and received with three loud buzzes. He announced his intention of retiring from the stage as an actor, and devoting himself entirely to dramatic writing. He concluded his address as follows:—

"This is the first place in which, in consequence of that determination, I have been called upon to pronounce my farewell as an actor, and I do so with feelings of the highest respect—nay, I will say with feelings of gratitude which overpower me, and render me unable to express myself in words. On these boards I have invariably experienced much kindness; and though, as an actor, I might have great claims, you have always received me with the most generous encouragement and flattering approval. I do not know that I can say more, except to wish that many similar to myself in profession, and similar in circumstances, may give to your hearts the opportunity of indulging that feeling in which they must exist and re-create—that of holding out the strong hand of assistance to the deserving."

On motion of Mr. Whittlesey, it was ordered that the different standing committees be now appointed. They will be announced on Monday from the chair.

After some further unimportant proceedings the House adjourned to Monday.

Vandenhoff.—Addison's celebrated tragedy of *Cato* was performed at the Tremont theatre on the evenings of Wednesday and Friday, of last week. It had not been played in this city before, since Monday, the 21st of November, 1825, when Conway appeared in the character of the great Roman Patriot at the Federal Street theatre. My recollections of him in the part are very distinct, even without the aid of some notes which I took at the time. Conway was always a great favorite. As an elaborate artist, he was not much inferior to Macready, but he had more genius and mind. I think he might be called the most intellectual actor of any I have seen. He was not so original and peculiar in his style as Kean, nor did he possess the matchless physical attributes of Cooper; but he combined more of the requisites of a great actor, such as genius, acquirements and mental acuteness, combined with a good person, although above the fashionable standard in stature. Conway's reading was almost uniformly correct. In his delivery he was remarkably slow and subdued, so much so as to occasionally appear tedious—but when the occasion called for energy, he threw out his voice and created a tremendous sensation.

I shall never forget him in *Brutus*, after he had stabbed *Cæsar*, as he drew up his towering form, happily set off in the Roman costume, and held the reeking dagger aloft, shouting, as if he poured forth his whole soul in the words

"Freedom! Liberty! Tyranny lies dead!" The walls of "Old Drury" echoed with a prolonged burst of applause, such as has not since been heard in Boston.

Vandenhoff reminds me more of Conway and approaches nearer my early standard of tragic excellence than any actor within my time. He appears to possess nearly all of the fine points of Conway without some of his defects. He has a better figure for the stage, and he appears to identify himself more with the character he personates. His by-play is as elaborately correct, and he does not seem to have an awkward stiffness which was occasionally noticeable in Conway's representations. With an equal share of the old school precision, Vandenhoff has more life and animation—his performances are more equal and well sustained throughout. It is an unwelcome task, however, to praise him at the expense of Conway, an actor always held in admiring recollection.

Kean was much applauded in Boston and deservedly so. He will probably never be equalled in many of his best parts. They live in the memory of those who witnessed them, and rise up in triumphant contrast with the meagre imitations of modern days. But I venture to say that the *Cato* of Vandenhoff is a performance of transcendent merit—a performance never surpassed in this country except, possibly by Cooke in *Richard III*. I never expected to see again any dramatic effort of such a high order of excellence. I did not believe there was an actor on the stage capable of giving such an exhibition of the Roman character. He was every thing that the imagination could picture forth of that most difficult of all personations. The quiet yet commanding dignity, the noble bearing, the subdued yet swelling spirit—the patriot and man—every thing that could be wished.

It is not necessary to dissect his performance and point out each particular effort; those who witnessed the exhibition cannot need any monitor to recall them to their notice. Suffice it to say, he is the "noblest Roman" that the present generation will probably have an opportunity of seeing, and they should avail themselves of it whilst they have the power to do so.

Still Later!—Intelligence to which we give full credit, was received here last evening. Col. Wetherall, the commander of the expedition against St. Charles, states on his return to Montreal, that his men bayoneted and killed with the butts of their muskets two hundred of the Papineau men, and that his officers had to keep back men with their swords to stop them from murdering those who had surrendered, and were begging for quarters!

The same Col. Wetherall stated that about 30 Canadians had taken refuge in a barn which was burnt by his orders, and all in it consumed!"

From the Montreal Herald of Dec. 2.

Lower Canada.—All accounts agree that the rebels are mustering their forces in considerable numbers North of this city, and are building fortifications and making other demonstrations of an intended engagement with the Queen's troops. The Postmaster at Vandeuil is reported to have joined the rebel camp, and the mail bag to Town had to be sent back to this city, as it was not deemed safe to carry it further than St. Eustache.

About fifty families of loyalists have been under the necessity of seeking security for their lives in a timely flight, and arrived here on Thursday and yesterday. The number of rebels is stated to be much greater than at St. Charles, many of whom have in all probability joined their friends in the North.

Havana papers to the 23d ult. have been received by the Journal of Commerce. The Diaro of the 21st contains a complimentary note from the American Consul at Havana, on behalf of the passengers in the ship Christoval Colon to her commander, Capt. Smith, accompanying a piece of plate which they presented him as an acknowledgment of his coolness, good seamanship, and care for the preservation and comfort of his passengers, during the hurricane of the 26th of October.

Blue Ruin.—The office of the paper called the Jersey Blue, together with a distillery, in Jersey city, were destroyed by fire on Tuesday last.

Bank Abstract.—We are indebted to Mr. Bigelow, Secretary of the Commonwealth, for a copy of the Abstract from the Returns of Banks in Massachusetts, showing the state of those Banks on the first Saturday of October, 1837. The following is the aggregate account. The whole number of Banks is 129; capital stock paid in, \$38,200,000; bills in circulation of five dollars and upwards, \$7,654,266.46; bills in circulation less than five dollars, \$2,618,752.25; net profits on hand, \$1,514,535.39; balances due to other banks, \$5,721,569.54; cash deposited, &c., not bearing interest, \$8,467,198.02; cash bearing interest, \$5,592,250.59; due from the banks, \$69,860,128.45; gold, silver, &c., in banks, \$1,517,984.02; real estate, \$1,155,712.96; bills of banks in this State, \$1,796,796.14; bills of banks elsewhere, \$191,641.28; balances due from other Banks, \$5,814,224.04; due to the banks, excepting balance, \$58,414,182.39; total resources at the banks, \$60,949,049.83; amount of the last semi-annual dividend, \$1,069,350; amount of reserved profits, \$1,535,551.99; debts secured by pledge of stock, \$2,139,325.52; debts due and considered doubtful, \$750,540.57; rate of semi-annual Dividend on amount of Capital of the banks, as existing when dividend was made, a fraction more than 2 and 12/16 of one per cent.

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Rogue Caught.—We learn from Briggs's Bulletin, that a young man named Amos Swan, was discovered early yesterday morning, in the upper apartments of Mr. Kramer, a shop keeper on Market street. A constable was called in, and upon searching Swan, a great variety of keys and picks, together with an implement for taking an impression of keys, were found in his possession. He was lodged in jail.

The "Epistle to the Devil," is a little too severe—can't go it, exactly. It is left with one of the firm of S. S. & Co.

The Oratorio of *David* was admirably performed by the Hasdel and Haydn Society last night.

How they act in Randolph!—A woman there not only deserted her husband—who had always treated her kindly—but broke his shop windows!

Dreadful Accident.—On Saturday afternoon, as a teamster was passing over Warren Bridge, driving a heavily loaded four-horse wagon, at the side of which he was walking, he was struck by a chaise, containing two men, drove furiously past him, and fell directly under the wheels of his own wagon, which passed over his head, crushing it in a dreadful manner. The men, regardless of the accident, drove on as rapidly as before. We do not know that either of them were recognized. The teamster was taken to Charlottown for medical aid, but he probably did not survive a great while.—*Briggs's Bulletin.*

The newest publication of the kind that we have seen this season, is "The Lady's Annual Register and Household Memorandum Book for 1838," by Caroline Gilman—Boston, T. H. Carter. We shall not attempt to describe it, but only ask every lady, the first time she goes into a bookstore, to look at Miss Gilman's Almanac.

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CONGRESS.

In Senate, Thursday, Dec. 5.—Mr. Wright of N. Y. presented a petition from merchants of New York praying for the remission of duties on goods destroyed by the great fire in that city, which was referred to the committee on finance.

Several petitions were presented and referred.

Public Lands.—Mr. Walker of Mississippi, according to notice, introduced four bills in relation to the public lands; one authorizing the states to tax any lands within their limits sold by the United States.

Another for reducing and graduating the price of the public lands.

A third for relinquishing the 16th sections of lands granted for the use of schools, and the entry of other lands in lieu thereof.

A fourth, for granting pre-emption rights to settlers on their titles, and referred to the committee on public lands.

Relief of Distressed Navigators.—Mr. Davis of Massachusetts, on leave, introduced a bill to authorize the President of the United States to cause the public vessels to cruise upon the coast in the winter season, and to relieve distressed navigators.

The several standing committees were announced from the chair. There is very little change since last session.

The various parts of the President's Message were referred to committees, when the Senate adjourned to Monday.

In the House.—The Speaker laid before the House a report from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reference to steamboat boilers, accompanied by printed copies of a report on the subject from the Franklin Institute, for the use of the members of Congress.

Exploring Expedition.—The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, calling on the President for information relative to the causes of delay in the sailing of the vessels intended for the exploring expedition, the correspondence, &c. &c., was taken up, and adopted.

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Vandenhoff.—We perceive, has at length quitted the courtly scenes of Brighton in order to provide over his first cabinet dinner for the season in London. The noble Lord's constant attendance upon the QUEEN, or, as some say upon the Duchess of KEST, at Windsor, at Buckingham House, and at Brighton, ever since the accession of let MAJESTY to the throne, has given rise to various and rather curious speculations.

This is not to be wondered at, for it is quite new in the annals of royal etiquette, at least in this country, for the prime minister to be a sort of waiting-maid or lady of honor to the QUEEN—to be stationed in the palace like a fixture, or moving with the court like a side lamp over her MAJESTY's carriage.

Overseer of Poor—Ephraim Milton.

Rallying Committee and Vote Distributors.—James L. Barber, Dexter, Dickenson, Thomas J. Dunbar, John A. Mahan, Benjamin Gowen, Daniel McCoy, Matthew Monney, Wm. M. Hattatt, Jonathan E. Warner, Charles Wade, Uriah Higgins, Samuel Emmons, Micah Dyer, George Carlisle, Wm. M. Hall, Otis G. Randall, James M. Critchett, Benjamin Simms, Zephaniah Hosier, Jos. D. Bishop, Joseph F. Barber, Benj. W. Kyrie, Andrew P. Young, John Rand, Benj. H. Hiller, George Ballard, Francis Butler, R. C. Cutting, John M. Landers, Theo Reed, John J. Sullivan, Benj. Lakin, Thomas C. Gould, Frederick J. Gustav, Thomas Parker.

Democratic Nomination for Ward 2:—

Warden—Richard Brackett.

Clerk—Benjamin F. Mahon.

Inspectors—Charles E. Gay, Charles H. Stearns,

